# Community Health Center Network of Idaho Value Care Organization Overview







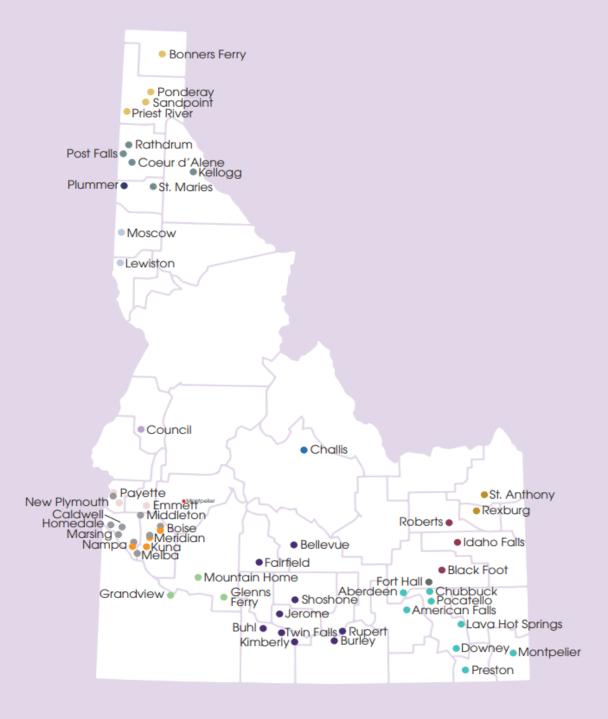
# Community Health Center Network of Idaho

- The Community Health Center Network of Idaho, (CHCNI) currently consists of 14 community health centers.
- 2<sup>nd</sup> largest VCO with 46,692 members as of August 2023
- Owned by community health centers and the non-profit Idaho Community Health Center Association



# What is a Community Health Center?

- Community Health
  Centers (CHCs), also
  known as Federally
  Qualified Health Centers
  (FQHCs), are primary care
  centers
- Our clinics serve ALL patients regardless of their insurance status or ability to pay by using a sliding-scale payment structure
- All are 501c3 non-profit organizations



- Kaniksu Community Health
- Heritage Health
- Marimn Health
- CHAS Health
- Adams County Health Center
- Valley Family Health Care
- Terry Reilly Health Services
- Full Circle Health
- Desert Sage Health Centers
- Family Health Services
- Challis Area Health Center
- Health West
- Shoshone-Bannock Community Health Center
- Community Family Clinic
- Grand Peaks Medical and Dental

15 independent centers with nearly 200 care sites across Idaho

# **Community Health Center Services**

#### Preventive health care

Medical

Dental

**Behavioral Health and SUD** 

**Pharmacy** 

Care Management

- CHCs provide comprehensive services with a team-based approach to provide whole patient care.
- If services are not available on-site, CHCs must have a connection to coordinate care with another provider.



## CHC Requirements

# To qualify as a CHC, a clinic must meet specific requirements, including:

- Serving an underserved area or population
- Providing care on a **sliding fee** scale based on ability to pay
- Operating under a governing board of directors that includes patients (51% or more)
- Completing annual reporting requirements our data are public
- Providing holistic health and social services
- Have an ongoing quality assurance program



## CHC Requirements - Quality

# All CHCs must pursue quality improvement and reporting:

- Clinical quality improvement has always been a high priority for CHCs
- Our clinics are at the forefront of patient-centered medical home and behavioral health integration efforts in Idaho
- CHCs are measured on quality standards each year and report data through the federal Uniform Data System (UDS)
- UDS data are publicly available and show performance on quality metrics
- This grounding in quality assurance, improvement, and reporting gave us a strong background for accountable care performance



# CHCNI Results – Shared Savings

- Since we began contracting as a network in 2015, we have generated net savings of \$13.6M across all payers
- Centers have leveraged their QA/QI capabilities to manage care for patients and improve performance under contracts since 2015



#### **CHCNI Timeline**

**Established 2012** 

**Medicaid VCO 2022** 

1<sup>st</sup> Downside Risk 2024 (Medicaid VCO)

First Contracts 2015: Blue Cross,

**PacificSource** 

First Shared Savings 2020 - Ongoing BCI, Regence, MSSP

Regence 2017

Medicare Shared Savings Program (MSSP) - 2018



# Managing Downside Risk

- Taking on downside risk requires a more focused commitment to understanding and managing the cost of care
- We have already collectively or individually invested in some of the tools needed to do this
- We will need to leverage those capabilities more effectively to succeed in the coming years



### Azara Population Health Tool

- Azara DRVS: A centralized data reporting and analytics solution which facilitates care transformation, drives quality improvement, aids in cost reduction, and simplifies mandated reporting.
- Contains variety of Modules: Risk Stratification, Referral Management, Controlled Substance, HEP C & HIV, EHR Plug-In, Transitions of Care, & Patient Surveys
- Different Users in DRVS
  - Quality Team: Focus on Scorecards, Dashboards, Measure Analyzer, & Mapping Administration
  - Care Teams: Focus on point of care reports, Patient Visit Planning, Care Management Passport, and Point of Care Alert Closure Measure
  - Administration, Providers and all staff can use DRVS to improve care





# VCO and MCO – Different Approaches, Different Strengths and Weaknesses

| Value Care Organizations  | Managed Care Organizations   |
|---|--|
| Idaho based (mostly)  | Nationally or regionally based (mostly)                                |
| Tight focus on patient care, costs, and quality                 | Broad focus on a whole array of program activities                     |
| Run on existing state claims and primary care infrastructure    | Bring their own infrastructure and capabilities                        |
| Latitude to set terms within existing state plan authority      | Terms subject to CMS approval over contract years and actuarial review |
| Foundations in direct care provider experience and patient care | Foundations in managing Medicaid populations at scale                  |



## Value Care Organizations

- Initial results are promising
- Leverage Idaho investments in claims and primary care systems
- CHCs will carry out their mission to serve all Idahoans under VCO or MCO, but would like the opportunity to prove the VCO model



# Thank you! Matt Wimmer Director of Network Enhancement mwimmer@idahochc.org



